

## Cut Loose: State and Local Layoffs of Public Employees in the Current Recession

## By Matt sherman and Nathan Lane \*

In the current recession, millions of Americans have lost their jobs. Unemployment has increased nationwide to levels not witnessed since the 1980s. Much of the job loss has occurred in private industries, but the public sector has also felt the sting of layoffs. Decreasing tax revenues and expanding budget deficits have forced public officials to make difficult decisions regarding their payroll. According to our analysis, more than 110,000 jobs have been shed from state and local governments in the last two years. This number includes over 40,000 teachers as well as nearly 4,000 uniformed police officers and firefighters.<sup>1</sup>

This list shows press accounts of government planned job cuts. In some cases, the cuts may not have actually been implemented because of subsequent budget adjustments. Also, the job losses may have been met through attrition rather than actual layoffs.

Certain regions of the country have been more heavily impacted by the current economic downturn, and their state and local governments have experienced proportionally more job loss, than others (see **Figure 1 and Table 1** below). The most populous states have suffered the most. The five largest states – California, Florida, Michigan, New York, and Illinois – account for nearly half of the public sector job loss nationwide. In California alone, extended deliberation over the government's budget has resulted in nearly 28,000 layoffs, including more than 13,000 teachers.

Within states, big cities have experienced the most concentrated job loss. In the state of Nevada, the number of teachers, city workers, and university employees in Las Vegas who have been laid off account for more than half of the state's public sector job loss. In Alabama, Birmingham's Jefferson County has closed several offices and laid off more than 1,000 employees – about a quarter of its workforce. The county's sheriff described the situation as an "unnatural disaster" when he requested that troops from the National Guard be sent in to help patrol the streets. In New York, after

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1611 Connecticut Ave, NW Suite 400 Washington, DC 20009 tel: 202-293-5380 fax: 202-588-1356 www.cepr.net publicly revealing a "doomsday budget" that included 23,000 job cuts, the mayor and the city council of New York City eliminated about 2,000 jobs from the city's workforce.<sup>3</sup> To be sure, some states and localities have been relatively shielded from the effects of the current recession. In eleven states, total public sector job loss was less than 100 jobs, but these include many of the least populous states. In general, the heavy population centers are experiencing the most pain.

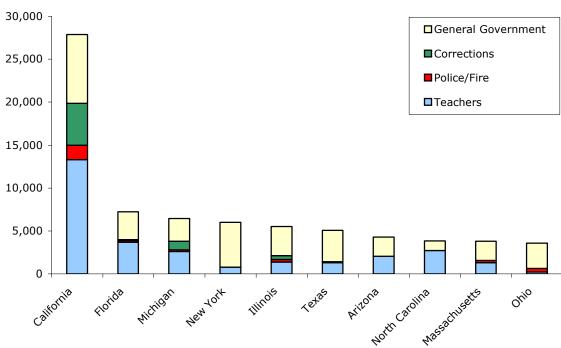


FIGURE 1
The Ten U.S. States with the Most Public Sector Layoffs Since 2008

One factor that has reduced the number of layoffs in some areas has been the injection of federal stimulus money. In Indianapolis Public Schools, 300 teachers were rehired after they were laid off with the use of federal stimulus aid.<sup>4</sup> In Montgomery County, Maryland, 200 teaching jobs were restored with stimulus money.<sup>5</sup> And in Boston, federal grant money was able to save 50 jobs in the police department.<sup>6</sup>

However, job loss numbers do not tell the whole story. Several states have issued hiring freezes and mandated pay cuts in their departments. Others have offered buyout schemes in order to encourage more senior employees to retire early. Still more states have instituted furlough plans in order to cut costs in their budget. In Hawaii, on top of 1,339 announced layoffs, the government has mandated that state workers take three unpaid days of leave per month, for two years. In some states, such as New Jersey and Connecticut, public employee unions have agreed to accept these furlough plans in exchange for a guarantee of no layoffs. In the end, all these cost-cutting measures, whether they involve layoffs or not, impose real economic burdens on the livelihoods of public employees.

Despite all of the budget cuts that have already been endured, current projections indicate that the situation is only going to get worse. Research from the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities indicates that 48 out of 50 states face budget shortfalls through fiscal year 2010, and the total budget

shortfall for the country is expected to expand further in the future. States such as Ohio and Louisiana are dipping into their "rainy day" reserve funds in order to balance their budgets, but these funds are finite and could be exhausted before the national economy turns around. Should these projections prove to come true, state and local governments will be forced again to make another round of difficult decisions regarding the jobs and salaries of teachers, police officers, firefighters, correctional officers, and other government employees.

TABLE 1

Total Reported Layoffs of Public Sector Employees, by State and Metropolitan Area

Alabama	3,311	Missouri	1,662
Birmingham	1,363	St. Louis	973
Alaska	42	Montana	16
Arizona	4,278	Nebraska	394
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	1,598	Nevada	2,170
Arkansas	NR*	Las Vegas	1,053
California	27,870	New Hampshire	444
Los Angeles-Orange County	8,175	New Jersey	1,433
San Francisco-Oakland	3,482	New Mexico	3
Riverside-San Bernardino	2,238	New York	6,015
Sacramento	1,336	New York City	3,526
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura	1,265	North Carolina	3,824
Bakersfield	564	Charlotte	1,341
Santa Rosa	520	Raleigh	655
San Diego	495	North Dakota	NR*
Colorado	1,046	Ohio	3,584
Connecticut	861	Cincinnati	416
Delaware	8	Oklahoma	2
Florida	7,216	Oregon	2,741
Miami-Ft. Lauderdale	3,520	Portland	750
Georgia	1,344	Pennsylvania	947
Atlanta	499	Rhode Island	923
Hawaii	1,339	South Carolina	255
Idaho	333	South Dakota	36
Illinois	5,515	Tennessee	2,556
Chicago	3,152	Knoxville	563
Indiana	792	Memphis	523
Iowa	677	Texas	5,076
Kansas	1,233	Galveston	2,650
Kentucky	1,282	Dallas-Fort Worth	1,931
Louisiana	1,269	Utah	178
Maine	512	Vermont	118
Maryland	1,221	Virginia	1,869
Massachusetts	3,805	Washington-Arlington	1,975
Boston	1,347	Washington	2,626
Michigan	6,452	Seattle-Tacoma	1,784
Detroit	3,390	West Virginia	6
Minnesota	1,641	Wisconsin	1,212
Minneapolis-St. Paul	731	Wyoming	47
Mississippi	57	District of Columbia	868
		TOTAL	111,109

NOTE: These numbers represent a temporary snapshot of the employment picture; they will require further revision as future events unfold.

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates no reported layoffs (NR) in this state, according to our analysis.

- 1 In our analysis, we searched local and national media outlets dating back to January 1, 2008, in order to compile a database of both states and municipalities that have either publicly announced layoffs of government employees or formally budgeted for a reduction in positions that are currently filled. The complete database, including links to original source material, is available at http://www.cepr.net/documents/publications/Layoffs-Source-List.xls.
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- 3 Lucadamo, Kathleen, "Mayor Bloomberg's Grim Doomsday Budget Cuts 23,000 City Jobs," NY Daily News, January 30th, 2009. http://www.nydailynews.com/ny\_local/2009/01/29/2009-01-29\_mayor\_bloombergs\_grim\_doomsday\_budget\_cu.html.
- 4 Gammill, Andy, "TPS Rehires Scores of Teachers Hit By Layoffs," Indianapolis Star, July 14,2009. http://wap.indystar.com/news.jsp?key=491134&rc=mc.
- 5 Gordon, Chris, "Stimulus Spares Some School Budget Cuts in Montgomery County," NBC Washington, August 22, 2009. http://www.nbcwashington.com/news/local-beat/Stimulus\_Spares\_Some\_School\_Budget\_Cuts\_in\_Montgomery\_County\_Washington\_DC.html.
- 6 Cramer, Maria, "\$11.8m Federal Grant Will Save 50 Boston Police Jobs," Boston Globe, July 29, 2009. http://www.boston.com/news/local/massachusetts/articles/2009/07/29/federal\_grant\_money\_will\_save\_50\_boston\_police\_jobs/.
- 7 Silverblatt, Rob, "Tracking the Recession: Buyouts Lure 9,000 State Workers Into Retirement," Stateline, August 10, 2009. http://www.stateline.org/live/printable/story?contentId=418011.
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